

## **IndG.A.P. (India Good Agricultural Practices) GLOSSARY**

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS USED IN THIS DOCUMENT**

1. Annual crop: When the time period between end of propagation stage to first harvest date is less than 12 months.
2. Applicant grower/grower group: Person/organization for certification that has applied for certification to IndG.A.P. accredited certification body. The same term is also known as producer or producer group.
3. Approved grower/grower group: Person/organization that has successfully applied and obtained a certificate from IndG.A.P. accredited certification body.
4. Auditor: Any Competent personnel of a CB or producer group that is responsible for carrying out the QMS evaluation of the project. An auditor can also take up the work of inspector.
5. Certification: All those actions leading to the issuing of an IndG.A.P. certificate. (pp)
6. Certification Body: An organization that has been accredited to grant IndG.A.P. certificate as per the procedure laid down in this document.
7. Critical/Major non-conformance: Means an incident that results in decrease in confidence in the product compliance with quality and food safety requirements and requires corrective action to be implemented in order to regain confidence.
8. Crop: The plants, which produce the final food product. Excludes material collected from forest and medicinal plants which are not used as food as per FSSAI 2206 & regulation thereunder. Crop is mentioned in Crop list Approved by QCI which can be certificated as per this scheme and mentioned in Food safety & standards act 2006.
9. Crop rotation: The practice of growing different crops in recurring succession on the same land. It also includes crops on certain plot are following other crops according to pre-defined plan.

10. Crop year: Generally, the 12-month period from the beginning of harvest of a particular crop rotation.
11. Customer: A customer is anyone who purchases products or services from a supplier.
12. Environment: Water, air, land, wild species of fauna & flora and any inter relationship between them, as well as relationship with living organisms.
13. Evaluator: Any competent person of Accreditation Body that is responsible for carrying out evaluation of certification body
14. Farm: A farm is an agricultural production unit or group of agricultural production units; covered by same operational procedures, farm management and IndG.A.P. decision-making activities.
15. Field, Orchard/Green-house: Separate units of land within a farm.
16. Food: anything that is consumed by Human Beings, and mentioned in Food safety & standards act 2006, food is harvested from Crop under certification
17. Food safety: An assurance that food will not cause harm to the consumer when it is prepared and consumed according to its intended use.
18. Global Location Number (GLN): The global identification key of GS1 system used to identify physical locations uniquely.
19. Global Traceability System (GTS): is a generic framework of GS1 which can be used by any business, any industry sector, any organization, large or small, to meet the core need of traceability (one step up, one step down as a minimum) at any point in the supply chain.
20. Global Trade Item Number (GTIN): The global identification key of GS1 system used to identify trade items in a unique manner.
21. Grower group / Producer Group: Group of growers / Producers applying for certification with an internal procedure and internal control of 100% members registered to the IndG.A.P. requirements, which has legal structure and complying the requirements as specified in this document.
22. Harvesting containers: Containers used for transporting produce during harvest.
23. Hazard: A biological, chemical, physical or any other property that may cause a product to be unsafe for human consumption.

24. Individual grower: An organization or person legally responsible for on farm production, who retains ownership of all the produce covered in this IndG.A.P. certificate.
25. In-organic Fertilizer: Commercial chemical fertilizer.
26. Inspector: Any competent personnel of a CB or producer group which is approved for conducting field investigation and review of the CPCC
27. Inspection: An examination of systems for control of food, raw materials, processing and distribution including in process and finished product testing in order to verify compliance to requirements.
28. New agricultural site: Land being planted for the first time.
29. Non-Conformance: means an incident where the requirements of the scheme are not met.
30. Pack-house/produce handling unit: Any facility set up for handling harvested produce (do not process the produce by changing its shape or appearance). Packing carried out at point of harvest is considered produce handling. Also, any storage, chemical treatments, trimming, washing or any other handling where the product may have physical contact with other materials or substances.
31. Pesticide: Plant protection product.
32. Post – harvest chemicals: Includes post-harvest plant protection products, detergents, and lubricants.
33. Potable water: Water (as per IS 10500) which needs the quality standards of drinking water such as those described in the WHO published guidelines for the safe use of waste water and excreta in agriculture and aquaculture.
34. Primary produce: Produce at a stage before processing
35. Processed product: When the structure of the product is altered in appearance or form
36. Produce: The harvested product of the crop before it is sold.
37. Product: The produce sold to the customers
38. Product tracking: Ability of a system to track the movement of food products in the food supply chain and to record the information about related attributes from Farm to Fork. This is also termed as Downstream traceability.

- 39. Record: Document showing objective evidence of the tasks performed and results achieved.
- 40. Registered product crop: The crop that produces the product that has been registered by the grower with the certification body under IndG.A.P..
- 41. Registered product produce: the produce that is the result of the registered product crop.
- 42. Registration Number: The number given to grower or grower group when he has completed the registration.
- 43. Self-Inspection: Internal inspection of the registered product crop carried out by the grower on his farm using Control Points and Compliance Criteria.
- 44. Sub-Contractor: Specific farm operations performed under the contract between the grower and the contractor that are covered in the IndG.A.P. Control Points and Compliance Criteria.
- 45. Trace-back: Ability of a system to trace the movement of food products in the food supply chain and to record the information about related attributes from Fork to Farm. This is also termed as Upstream traceability.
- 46. Worker: Any person on the farm that has been contracted to carry out a task. This includes farm owners and managers.

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